

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

The following listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

Claims 1. – 20. (Cancelled)

21. (New) A device for observing a display screen (2), comprising a large-area visual medium (1) to be arranged in front of the display screen (2), wherein the device comprises a holding means (53; 51, 52) for arranging the visual medium (1) in front of the display screen (2), and in that visual medium (1) has a focal width (f) between 1122 mm and 1405 mm.

22. (New) The device according to claim 21, wherein the device is optimized for observing a complete display screen (2) with both eyes (4).

23. (New) The device according to claim 21, wherein the device is envisaged for an eye distance (a) of 220 mm to 1500 mm.

24. (New) The device according to claim 21, wherein the device is envisaged for an object distance (g) of 100 mm to 1500 mm.

25. (New) The device according to claim 21, wherein the device has a focal

width (f) between 1149 mm and 1347 mm.

26. (New) The device according to claim 25, wherein the device has a focal width (f) between 1194 mm and 1235 mm.

27. (New) The device according to claim 26, wherein the device has a focal width (f) of 1200 mm.

28. (New) The device according to claim 21, wherein the device has a diameter of more than 370 mm.

29. (New) The device according to claim 28, wherein the device has a diameter between 370 mm and 380 mm.

30. (New) The device according to claim 21, wherein the device comprises a system of several lenses.

31. (New) The device according to claim 21, wherein the device comprises a single, spherical lens (1).

32. (New) The device according to claim 31, wherein the lens (1) is plano-convex, concave-convex or biconvex.

33. (New) The device according to claim 32, wherein the lens (1) is plano-

convex, and the convex side has a radius of curvature (r_1) between 501 mm and 752 mm.

34. (New) The device according to claim 33, wherein the convex side has a radius of curvature (r_1) between 564 mm and 690 mm.

35. (New) The device according to claim 32, wherein the lens (1) is biconvex and has a first radius of curvature (r_1) in the region between 667 mm and 1,000 mm and a second radius of curvature (r_2) in the region between -1600 mm and -2400 mm.

36. (New) The device according to claim 35, wherein the lens (1) is biconvex and has a first radius of curvature (r_1) between 750 mm and 917 mm and a second radius of curvature (r_2) between -1800 mm and -2200 mm.

37. (New) The device according to claim 32, wherein the lens (1) is biconvex and has a first radius of curvature (r_1) in the region of 616 mm to 924 mm and a second radius of curvature (r_2) in the region of -2000 mm to -3000 mm.

38. (New) The device according to claim 37, wherein the lens (1) is biconvex and has a first radius of curvature (r_1) between 693 mm and 847 mm and a second radius of curvature (r_2) between -2250 mm and -2750 mm.

39. (New) The device according to claim 32, wherein the lens (1) is concave-convex and comprises a first radius of curvature (r_1) in the region of 424 mm to 635 mm and a second radius of curvature (r_2) in the region of 4,000 mm to 6,000 mm.

40. (New) The device according to claim 39, wherein the lens (1) is concave-

convex and comprises a first radius of curvature (r_1) between 477 mm to 582 mm and a second radius of curvature (r_2) between 4,500 mm and 5,500 mm.

41. (New) The device according to claim 32, wherein the lens (1) is plano-convex, and has a radius of curvature in the region between 550 mm and 660 mm.

42. (New) The device according to claim 41, wherein the lens (1) has a radius of curvature in the region between 585 mm and 605 mm.

43. (New) The device according to claim 31, wherein the lens is antireflected at least on one side by way of a film which is stuck on, or a laminate.

44. (New) The device according to claim 31, wherein the lens is antireflected at least on one side by way of one or more optically active layers which are vapor deposited or deposited by an immersion method.

45. (New) The device according to claim 21, wherein the holding means is an adjustable arm (53) with several degrees of freedom which may be fastened on a table (54).

46. (New) The device according to claim 21, wherein the holding means is a table stand (51) with means (52) for adjusting the height and/or inclination of the visual medium (1).

47. (New) Use of a device according to claim 21, by arranging the device at an object distance (g) of 200 mm to 800 mm from a display screen (2) and observing the display screen (2) through the device with an eye distance (a) of 220 mm to 1400 mm.

48. (New) A device for observing a display screen (2), comprising, a large-area visual medium (1) to be arranged in front of the display screen (2), wherein the device comprises a holding means (53; 51, 52) for arranging the visual medium (1) in front of the display screen (2), at an object distance (g) of 200 mm to 800 mm and an eye distance (a) of 220 mm to 1400 mm, and the device comprises a single, plano-convex spherical lens (1) having a diameter between 370 mm and 380 mm, and the convex side of the lens (1) having a radius of curvature (r1) between 501 mm and 752 mm.

49. (New) The device according to claim 48, wherein the convex side has a radius of curvature (r1) between 564 mm and 690 mm.